

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Isopropyl Alcohol (2-propanol)

SECTION 1 . Product and Company Identification

Product Name and Synonym: Isopropyl Alcohol (2-propanol)

Product Code: 165-68

Material Uses: OFI Testing Equipment, Inc.

Manufacturer: 11302 Steeplecrest Drive
Houston, TX 77065 USA
Phone: (713) 880-9885
Fax: (713) 880-9886

Entry Date : 5/12/2010

Print Date: 7/29/2010

24 Hour Emergency Assistance : Chemtrec 800-424-9300
Canutec 613-996-6666

Health:	2			
Flammability:	3			
Reactivity:	0			
Hazard Rating:				
Least	Slight	Moderate	High	Extreme
0	1	2	3	4
NA = Not Applicable		NE = Not Established		

SECTION 2 HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Keep away from heat and ignition sources. May be harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing vapor or dust. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed.

Emergency Overview: Warning! Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Causes irritation to eyes and respiratory tract. Affects central nervous system. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause irritation to skin.

Inhalation: Inhalation of Vapors Irritates the Respiratory Tract. Exposure to High Concentrations has a Narcotic Effect, Producing Symptoms of Dizziness, Drowsiness, Headache, Staggering, Unconsciousness and Possibly Death.

Ingestion: Can Cause Drowsiness, Unconsciousness, and Death. Gastrointestinal Pain, Cramps, Nausea, Vomiting, and Diarrhea may also Result. The Single Lethal Dose for a Human Adult = About 250 mL (8 ounces).

Skin: May Cause Irritation with Redness and Pain. May be Absorbed Through the Skin with Possible Systemic Effects.

Eye Contact Vapors Cause Eye Irritation. Splashes Cause Severe Irritation, Possible Corneal Burns and Eye Damage.

Chronic Exposure: Chronic Exposures may Cause Skin Effects.

Aggravated by Exposure: Chronic Exposures may Cause Skin Effects. Persons with Pre-Existing Skin Disorders or Impaired Liver, Kidney, or Pulmonary Function may be More Susceptible to the Effects of this Agent.

SECTION 3 MIXTURE COMPONENTS

Isopropyl Alcohol (2-propanol)

SARA 313	Component	CAS Number	Percent Comp.	Dimension	Exposure Limits
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Isopropyl Alcohol (2-propanol)	CAS# 67-63-0	100%	V/V	OSHA TWA 400 ppm, STEL 500 ppm

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Keep away from heat and ignition sources. May be harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing vapor or dust. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed.

FIRST AID: SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed area with soap and water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

EYES: Wash eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lids occasionally. Seek Medical Aid. INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen

INGESTION: Give several glasses of milk or water. Vomiting may occur spontaneously, but DO NOT INDUCE! Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Extinguisher Type: Water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, alcohol foam

Fire / Explosion Hazards: FLAMMABLE! Vapor air mixtures are explosive within flammable limits noted. Vapors may travel to distant ignition source and flash back.

Fire Fighting Procedure: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and clothing.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Eliminate Ignition Sources. Neutralize with: Soda lime, soda ash. Absorb with vermiculite or other inert material. Place in container.

Ventilate area or Leak or Spill. Remove all Sources of Ignition. Wear Appropriate Personal Protective Equipment as Specified in Section 8. Isolate Hazard Area. Keep Unnecessary and Unprotected Personnel from Entering. Contain and Recover Liquid when Possible. Use Non-Sparking Tools and Equipment. Collect Liquid in an Appropriate Container or Absorb with an Inert Material (e.g., Vermiculite, Dry Sand, Earth), and Place in a Chemical Waste Container. Do Not Use Combustible Materials, such as Saw Dust. Do Not Flush to Sewer! US Regulations (CERCLA) Require Reporting Spills and Releases to Soil, Water and Air in Excess of Reportable Quantities.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat and flame. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Use with adequate ventilation.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: Organic Vapor Cartridge

Ventilation: Local Exhaust

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Mechanical
Protective Gloves: NIOSH Approved Gloves
Eye Protection: Splash Goggles
Other Protective Equipment: Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin exposure

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Melting Point:	-89 °C	Percent Volatile by Volume:	> 99
Boiling Point:	82 °C	Evaporation Rate	Information not available
Vapor Pressure:	33 mm Hg @ 25 ° C	Evaporation Standard	
Vapor Density:	2.1 (air = 1)	Auto Ignition Temp	399 ° C
Solubility in Water:	Soluble	Lower Flamm. Limit in Air	2.0%
Appearance /Odors:	Clear, colorless liquid with mild odor	Upper Flamm. Limit in Air	12.0%
Flash Point:	12 °C (closed cup)		
Specific Gravity:	.79		

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY INFORMATION

Stability: Stable
Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat and ignition sources
Materials to Avoid: Strong oxidizers, metals, strong bases, amines
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon Oxides
Hazardous polymerization: Will Not Occur
Conditions to Avoid: None known

SECTION 11 Toxicological Information

Carcinogenic References: NTP Carcinogen - Known: No, IARC Category- 3

SECTION 12 Ecological Information

Environmental Fate: When Released to the Soil and Water, this Material may Evaporate to Moderate Extent. When Released into the Soil, This Material may Leach into Groundwater. When Released into the Water, This Material is Expected to have a Half Life Between 1 and 10 Days.

Environmental Toxicity: The LC50/96-hour values for fish are over 100 mg/l. This material is not expected to be toxic to aquatic life.

SECTION 13 Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved incinerator or disposed in a RCRA approved waste facility.

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Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

SECTION 14 Transport Information

DOT Classification: Isopropanol, 3, UN1219, PG II

DOT Regulations may change from time to time. Please consult the most recent D.O.T. regulations.

SECTION 15 Regulatory Information

Chemical Inventory Status –
Part 1:Ingredient
Isopropyl Alcohol (67-63-0)
TSCA Yes
EC Yes
Japan YES
Australia Yes

Chemical Inventory Status –
Part 2:Ingredient
Isopropyl Alcohol (67-63-0)
Korea Yes
DSL Yes
NDSL No
Phil. Yes

Federal, State & International Regulations –
Part 1: Ingredient.
Isopropyl Alcohol (67-63-0)
RQ No
TPQ No
List NO
Chemical Catg No

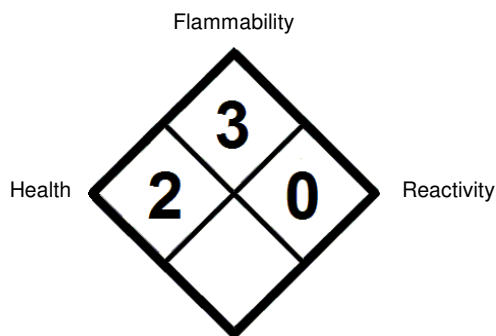
Federal, State &
International Regulations –
Part 2:Ingredient
Isopropyl Alcohol (67-63-0)
CERCLA NO
261.33 No
8(d) No

Chemical Weapons Convention: No
TSCA 12 (b):No
CDTA:YES MIXTURE/LIQUID
SARA 311/312: Acute:YES
Chronic: YES
Fire: YES
Pressure: No
Reactivity: No
Australian Hazchem Code: 2S 2
Poison Schedule:NONE ALLOCATED

SECTION 16 Additional Information

Conditions aggravated/Target organs: Persons with preexisting skin, eye, respiratory disorders may be more susceptible. Acute: Irritation to skin, eyes, lungs, mucous membranes and GI tract, nausea, narcosis, drowsiness, dizziness. Chronic: Dermatitis, eye damage.

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NFPA

Revisions

7/29/2010	0.1	updated msds to 16 section from 10 section msds. STN
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